

# Italy

Italy is a peninsula and two large islands, Sicily and Sardinia, located in Mediterranean Sea.

It borders with France, Switzerland, Austria and Slovenia to the north and it is surrounded by the Meditterrean all around the peninsula  
It consists of 20 regions, Rome is the capital.



# Rome

Rome's history spans for more than 2,500 years. While Roman mythology dates the founding of Rome at around 753 BC, the site has been inhabited for much longer, making it one of the oldest continuously occupied sites in Europe.

Rome is the heart of catholic christianity, it's the only city in world to host a State, the Vatican State.



# Colosseum

The biggest amphitheatre ever built and the ultimate symbol of imperial Rome. If you have seen the film “Gladiator” with Russell Crowe you can easily imagine what happened in it.

It was the place where gladiators, just to please the emperor, fought and had to face starving lions.

This why it's a great touristic attraction for everybody who comes to visit Rome.



# *Imperial Fora*

The Imperial Fora (Fori Imperiali in Italian) are a series of monumental fora (public squares), constructed in Rome over a period of one and a half centuries.



# *Trajan's Column*

Trajan's Column is a Roman triumphal column in Rome, that commemorates Roman emperor Trajan's victory in the Dacian Wars. It is located in Trajan's Forum, north of the Roman Forum. The column is very famous for its spiral bas relief, which describes the epic wars between the Romans and Dacians.



## *The mounth of truth*

The Mouth of Truth is a marble mask in Rome, which stands against the left wall of the portico of the Santa Maria in the Cosmedin church. It attracts visitors who audaciously stick their hand in the mouth to prove they aren't liars.



# *Florence*

Florence is the capital city of the Italian region of Tuscany and the world capital for its richness in art.

It is Dante Alighieri's birthplace, the most important Italian poet and the site where the Renaissance cultural and artistic movement started.



# *Brunelleschi 's cupola*

A Renaissance masterpiece, the Brunelleschi's dome – 91mts high and 45.5mts wide – was built between 1420 and 1436. Filippo Brunelleschi, was inspired by the Pantheon in Rome



# *Basilica di Santa Croce*

The Basilica di Santa Croce is the principal Franciscan church in Florence and a minor basilica of the Roman Catholic Church. It is situated on the Piazza di Santa Croce, about 800 meters south-east of the Duomo



# Gallery of the academy of Florence

- "Gallery of the Academy of Florence", is an art museum in Florence. It is best known as the home of Michelangelo's sculpture David. It also has other sculptures by Michelangelo and a large collection of paintings by Florentine



# Milan.

Milan is the capital of Lombardy and the Italian economic capital. It's the second most populous city in Italy after Rome.



# Teatro alla Scala

**Typically Milanese, the discreet, neo-classical façade of Teatro alla Scala, the world's most famous opera house.**



# Milan Cathedral

- Milan Cathedral is the main church of Milan, Lombardy. Dedicated to St Mary of the Nativity, it is the seat of the Archbishop of Milan



# Venice

- Venice is a city in northeastern Italy and the capital of the Veneto region



# Carnival of Venice

- The Carnival of Venice is held annually in the city, It lasts for around two weeks and ends on Shrove Tuesday.



# Gondola

- The gondola is a traditional, flat-bottomed Venetian rowing boat, well suited to the conditions of the Venetian lagoon



# Naples

- Naples is the capital of the Italian region Campania and the third-largest municipality in Italy after Rome and Milan





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